UNITE to End TB

TB Financing in 2014

www.globaltbcaucus.org



KEY NUMBERS (2014)



People who Developed TB 219,000



People with TB
Diagnosed and Treated
60 %



Deaths from TB

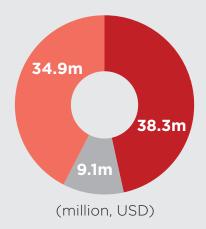
37,500



People with MDR-TB among those notified 1.300

THE FUNDING

- domestic funded
- internationally funded
- funding gap



National TB Budget

As reported by National TB Programme



UNITE to End TB



SUPPORT BY GLOBAL FUND TO FIGHT AIDS, TB AND MALARIA

Funding Area:

Health Systems Strengthening

Performance:

not yet rated

Funding Recipient:

The Federal Ministry of Health of the Government of the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia

Period of Grant Agreement:

1. 7. 2015-31. 12. 2017

Amount, including:



46,756,477 \$

Funding Area:

Tuberculosis

Performance:

adequate

Funding Recipient:

The Federal Ministry of Health of the Government of the Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia

Period of Grant Agreement:

1. 7. 2015-31. 12. 2017

Amount, including:



disbursed not disbursed



Tuberculosis is one of the world's top health challenges and the leading cause of death from an infectious disease globally.

There were **9.6 million new cases** and **1.5 million TB deaths** in 2014.



In September 2015, governments endorsed the UN Global Development Goals, including a target to End TB by 2030. To achieve this target, increased investments for tuberculosis are essential.



Of the **\$13 billion per year required** to fully fund the global TB response called for in the Global Plan to End TB 2016-2020, only \$6.6 billion was funded in 2014.

Increased domestic financing is critical to fill this gap, but many countries depend on the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, TB and Malaria to support their TB response. Governments must fully fund the Global Fund with the \$13 billion required at their fifth replenishment conference taking place in 2016.

The world has a historic opportunity to end the TB epidemic.

Join us in calling on governments to fully fund the fight against TB.



